

Objective

Develop a system for at-home tremor monitoring in people with Parkinson's disease and other movement disorders which cause tremor.

Background

- Parkinson's disease (PD) is a neurodegenerative disorder that causes the progressive death of dopaminergic neurons and subsequent loss of movement control.
- PD treatment is based around alleviating the symptoms and maximizing quality of life.
- Neurological evaluations of overall severity are inherently subjective and can only be based on a brief glimpse at the patient during an appointment, causing numerous problems in both research and clinical practice.

Methods

Data Acquisition

PineTime Smartwatch:

- Open source smartwatch that uses the Infinitime real-time operating system and features a Nordic nRF52832 microcontroller and a BMA425 accelerometer.
- The smartwatch samples acceleration data at 100 Hz, stores data 2 minutes at a time, and transfers the data to the SBC via Bluetooth.

Data Analysis

Libre Computer Renegade:

- Single-board computer running the Ubuntu operating system that functions as a base station for the watches.
- Receives watch data, performs signal preprocessing, and assigns a score to the tremor data based on tremor severity.
- Converts data and insights into the JSON file format, uploads it to web interface for display for health care practitioners, and stores it for future use

Remote Tremor Monitoring System Mikayla Deehring, Bryan McElvy, Elizabeth Perry, William Walker Advisors: Dr. Nuri Ince & Luciano Branco University of Houston - Houston, Texas

Data Analysis Continued

- An open-source dataset with 40 hours per patient of accelerometer data collected from the limbs of both healthy and PD patients was obtained
- Short-Time Fourier Transform was performed on the data with 4 second windows and 50% overlap, and the windows were averaged over 2 minute intervals.
- Tremor severity was calculated by finding the ratio of the peak power spectral density (PSD) value to the PSD values 2 Hz away from the peak on either side and multiplying that value by the band power of a 2 Hz band centered on the peak PSD value.

Web Interface

- The web interface visualizes the tremor data after being analyzed and going through a classifier.
- Application was developed using the Angular framework consisting of HTML, CSS, and TypeScript (JavaScript).
- Bar chart visualizes data for a 12-hour time period in that day. Each bar represents a range in severity during a 12-minute segment.





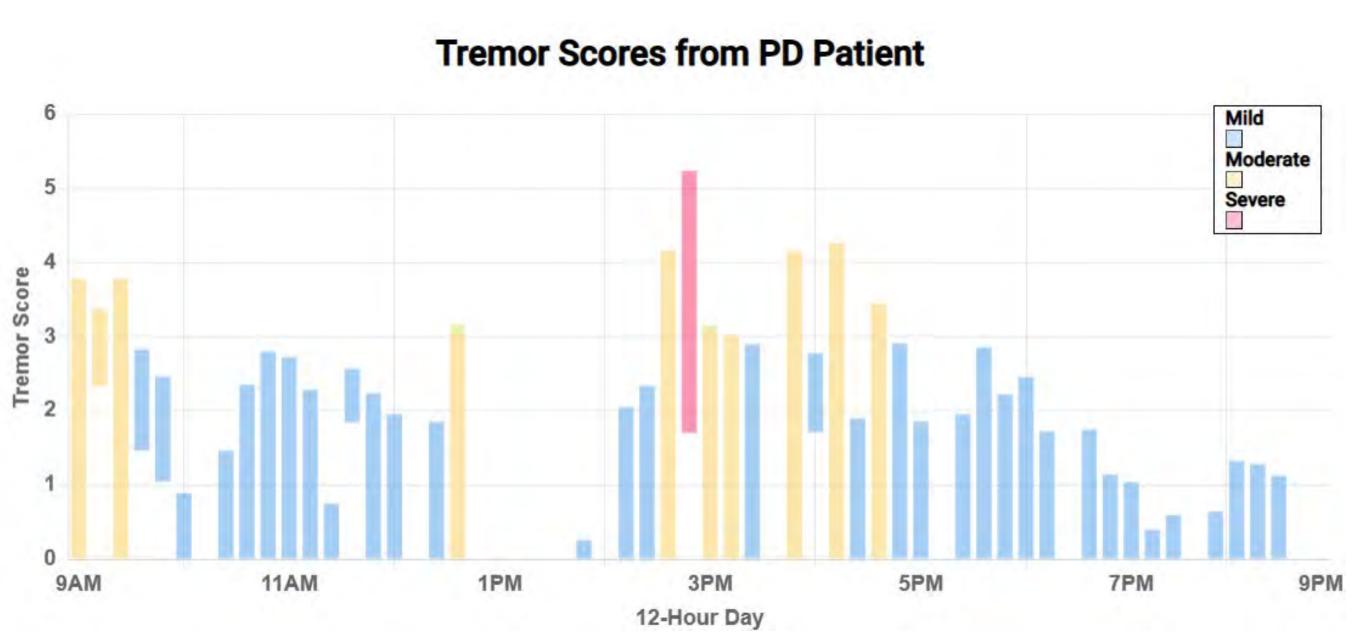
Web Interface SBC sends predicted tremor severity scores to the web interface for analysis by a clinician

Figure 1: General system workflow

Data Acquisition PineTime smartwatch collects acceleration data for 12 hours, and sends it to the SBC via Bluetooth while charging

Data Analysis The data is preprocessed, segmented, and scored based on tremor severity

Results

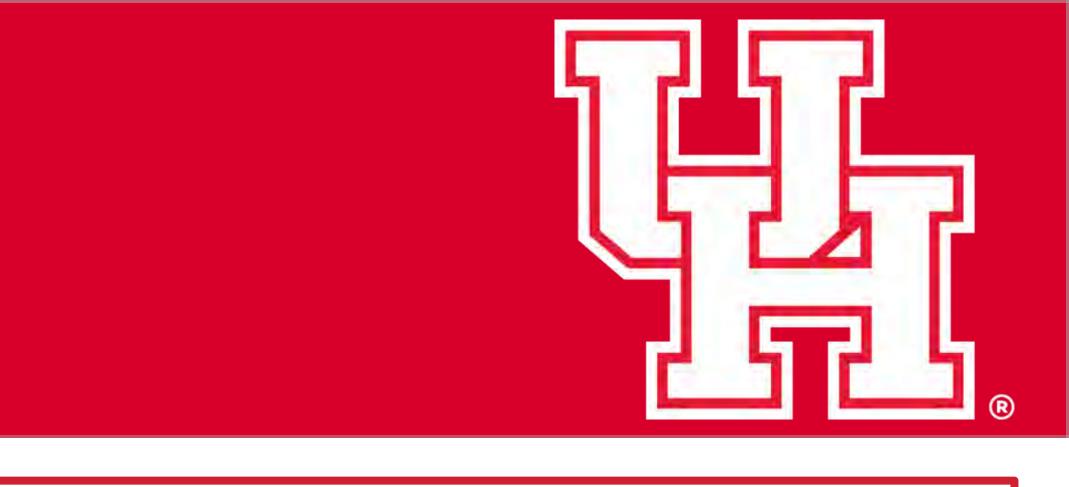


Conclusion

- for PD patients.
- movement disorders.
- and uploading the data.

Acknowledgements

• Our group would like to acknowledge Dr. Nuri Ince and his PhD student Luciano Branco for their support in developing this project.



• The smartwatches can successfully store and transmit accelerometer data to the SBC • The tremor scoring method resulted in a mean of 220 intervals with a tremor score above 0 in PD patients and just 67 in controls.

• The SBC is able to convert both the raw data and tremor severity ratings to JSON format, and upload them to the web interface for display

Figure 2: Tremor severity graph as depicted on the web interface

• This system records and classifies tremor data to allow physicians to analyze and optimize treatment

• By providing clinicians and researchers with access to more quantitative insights, better efforts can be made to improve the understanding and treatment of Parkinson's disease and other

• The system could potentially be improved by experimenting with other features, or developing a more cost-effective way of receiving, processing,